ST. CLAIR COUNTY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH AUTHORITY

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE

Date Issued 11/23

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I. APPLICATION:

SCCCMHA Board

- SCCCMHA Providers & Subcontractors
- ☑ Direct-Operated Programs
- □ Community Agency Contractors
- Residential Programs
- Specialized Foster Care

II. PURPOSE STATEMENT:

St. Clair County Community Mental Health Authority (SCCCMHA) shall make sure that individuals who experience a <u>medical emergency</u> while attending SCCCMHA/Contract Programs will receive appropriate first aid and medical treatment.

III. DEFINITIONS:

- A. <u>AED (Automatic External Defibrillator)</u>: A device that delivers an electrical shock at a preset voltage to the heart when indicated for cardiac arrest.
- B. <u>First Aider</u>: Any staff member possessing a current certificate in adult, child/infant CPR, and/or First Aid by an accredited agency.
- C. <u>Medical Emergency</u>: Life threatening conditions that require the assistance of trained medical professionals and would necessitate a call to EMS or an ambulance service. Conditions include, but are not limited to the following events:
 - 1. Cardiac and Respiratory emergencies;
 - 2. The presence of severe bleeding;
 - 3. Medical conditions or acute illnesses such as Severe Asthma, Repetitive Seizures, Diabetic emergencies;
 - 4. Stroke
 - 5. Poisoning
 - 6. Trauma related accidents resulting in possible fractures or multiple injuries.
 - 7. Anaphylactic Reaction
 - 8. Any time rescue medication given for seizure--Nayzilam (Midazolam), Diastat or Valtoco (Diazepam), etc.
 - 9. Any time an Epi-Pen is used.

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D. Medical Emergency Response Team: A group of people who respond to a medical emergency.

IV. STANDARD:

A. SCCCMHA and its contract providers will provide emergency medical treatment to any individual who requires such care while receiving and/or visiting their service locations. This includes individuals receiving treatment, visitors and personnel.

V. PROCEDURES:

A. Prior to a Medical Emergency

Human Resources / Supervisor / Nurse / Designee

- 1. Educates all staff on the Emergency Procedures Booklet-(CMH Only) or Medical Emergency Quick Reference Guide Exhibit A (Residential Facilities).
- 2. Educates all staff when to call 911 in an emergency.

Supervisor / Designee

3. Ensures emergency drills are conducted at each service location on a quarterly basis.

Supervisor / Designee / IT Department

4. Posts emergency numbers on or by all telephones. (With instructions regarding emergency calls beside phone at residential facilities).

Residential Supervisor/Residential Designee

5. Posts the Medical Emergency Quick Reference Guide (Exhibit A) in a conspicuous location at each service location.

B. The Medical Emergency

Person Discovering the Emergency

- 1. Responds to an emergency and determines if it is safe to proceed.
- 2. Shouts for help several times to get a first aider's/available staff person's attention.
- 3. Checks the victim for consciousness, pulse, breathing, and signs of bleeding.

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4. Sends available first aider/staff person to initiate medical emergency notification for the designated Medical Emergency Response Team (SCCCMHA direct-operated service locations only).

First Aider/Medical Emergency Response Team

- 5. Determines if the situation is a medical emergency.
- 6. Directs available staff person to call 911 and to bring the AED.
- 7. Instructs the staff person/caller to report back the dispatcher's response.

Caller

- 10. Gives EMS dispatcher the following information:
 - a. The location of the emergency (exact address, city or town, nearby intersections, landmarks, etc.)
 - b. The telephone number of the phone being used
 - c. Caller's name
 - d. What happened
 - e. The number of victims involved in the event
 - f. Condition of the victim(s)
 - g. Help (first aid) being given

DOES NOT HANG UP FIRST IN CASE THE DISPATCHER NEEDS MORE INFORMATION

First Aider/Medical Emergency Response Team

- 9. Cares for conditions found. For example: Administers CPR, uses AED, or completes other first aid measures (according to accredited First Aid and CPR standards) unless otherwise indicated (i.e. do not resuscitate order). See SCCCMHA policy #05-001-0065, "Health Care Decisions and Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders" and policy #05-001-0030 "Advance Directives".
- 10. Uses appropriate protective equipment when there is a possibility of exposure to blood and/or body fluids. See SCCCMHA administrative procedure #09-003-0005, "Personal Protective Equipment."
- 11. Supports circulation and breathing by administering CPR and/or first aid, if necessary, until professional help (EMS) arrives and takes over.
- 12. Informs EMS personnel of the details of the medical emergency and first aid provided.

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Supervisor / Designee

- 13. Determines if a staff member should accompany an individual served to the hospital by considering the following:
 - a. Benefit to the individual.
 - b. Mental condition of the individual.
 - c. Availability of staff members.
 - d. Hospital expectations.
- 14. Prints pertinent medical information to accompany the individual served to the hospital.
- 15. Notifies the case manager of the individual served of the medical emergency.
- 16. Telephones emergency contact(s) of individual served (i.e., parent, guardian, home supervisor, spouse or significant other) and informs them of the medical emergency.

Supervisor / Designee

- 17. Ensures EMS personnel has a copy of the individual's medical information as specified in Procedure (IV) B. 14.
- 18. Instructs staff member accompanying individual to the hospital to remain at the hospital until parent, guardian, home staff, spouse, or significant other arrives, if applicable.

C. Follow-up to Medical Emergency

Supervisor / Nurse / Designee

1. Documents the medical emergency on an Incident Report Form (SCCCMHA Form #0057) as delineated in SCCCMHA administrative procedure #05-001-0040, "Incident Reports." An Incident Report can be completed electronically (OASIS) or handwritten (SCCCMHA Form #0057). Submits the completed Incident Report to the Office of Recipient Rights. For all emergencies that occur at a SCCCMHA direct-operated service location, fills out an Emergency Event Form (SCCCMHA Form #0910) which is found in the SCCCMHA Forms Index. (Reference SCCCMHA administrative procedure #09-001-0005, "Building: Health and Safety"). Submits the completed Emergency Form to the SCCCMHA Safety Chairperson.

First Aider / Medical Emergency Responder

2. Follows procedures in <u>Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan</u> if exposed to blood or other potentially infectious materials. Completes Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Form (SCCCMHA Form #0912) which is found in the SCCCMHA Forms Index. (Refer to SCCCMHA administrative procedure #09-003-0030, "Personnel: Employee Medical Situations").

VI. <u>REFERENCES</u>:

None Available

VII. <u>EXHIBITS</u>:

A. Medical Emergency Quick Reference Guide

VIII. <u>REVISION HISTORY</u>:

Dates issued 12/89; 07/91; 10/93; 03/97; 02/99; 02/00; 02/03; 02/05; 02/07; 04/09; 04/10; 05/12; 07/13; 07/14; 07/15; 07/16; 09/17; 09/18; 07/19; 9/20, 9/21, 09/22.

MEDICAL EMERGENCY Quick Reference Guide

IN THE EVENT OF A POTENTIAL MEDICAL EMERGENCY, staff should:

- 1.) Shout for help!
- 2.) Check the victim for:
 - A.) Consciousness
 - B.) Pulse
 - C.) Breathing
 - D.) Signs of Bleeding

IF THE EVENT MEETS THE CRITERIA OF A MEDICAL EMERGENCY, staff should:

- 3.) Direct secondary staff to call 911 and bring the AED.
- Administer CPR/first aid until a medical professional arrives and takes over.
- 5.) Provide pertinent medical information to the medical professional.
- 6.) Accompany victim to the hospital, if needed/possible.
- Document the medical emergency on an Incident Report.

Medical Emergency: A life threatening condition that requires the assistance of trained medical professionals and necessitates a call to 911 or an ambulance service. Conditions include, but are not limited to the following events: cardiac and respiratory emergencies, severe bleeding, severe asthma, repetitive seizures, diabetic emergencies, stroke, poisoning, trauma, and anaphylactic reaction.



FIRST AID for CHOKING

IN THE EVENT OF A POTENTIAL CHOKING INCIDENT, staff should:

- 1.) Ask, "Are you choking?"
- If the person can speak, breathe, or cough, stand by but do not interfere.
- 3.) If the person cannot speak, breathe, or cough, call 911.
 - If victim is conscious, perform the Heimlich Maneuver until food/object is forced out.
 - B.) If victim is unconscious, clear the victim's mouth, then perform the Heimlich Maneuver until food/object is forced out, and initiate CPR, if necessary.
- Provide pertinent medical information to the responding medical professional.
- Document the choking incident on an Incident Report.